

Boundless...

Gensco Laboratories is an innovator in pharmaceutical manufacturing and in the utilization of patented drug delivery systems. As a healthcare partner, the company is in continual pursuit of novel and effective therapies that improve health. Gensco Laboratories is a FDA regulated and licensed pharmaceutical manufacturer that is dedicated to developing "Next Generation" solutions in healthcare.





 $LiDORx^{TM}$ provides topical non-narcotic temporary relief for pain as prescribed by a physician.

LiDORx[™] (Lidocaine HCl USP 3%) applied in controlled doses provides relief of surface pain and utilizes MDose[™] Technology which dispenses the exact amount of medication (0.25 ml per pump) to be applied.

- Launched March 2013
- Available by prescription only
- Odorless, colorless gel
- MDose™ Technology
- Non-Narcotic and Non-Addictive
- Gensco's unique metered dose technology (MDose™) dispenses the exact amount of medication (0.25 ml per pump) to be applied

LiDORx Size 10ml NDC 35781-0300-1 0.33 fl oz. (10ml) 1 pump (0.25ml) applied 4 sq. inches 2-3 times daily=1ml per day. 15 day duration.

LiDORx Size 30ml NDC 35781-0300-3 1.01 fl oz. (30ml) 1 pump (0.25ml) applied 4 sq. inches 2-3 times daily=1ml per day. 40 day duration.

LIDORX.COM

For more information on GENSCO LABORATORIES, please contact us:



0.33 fl oz (10ml Bottle) NDC 35781-0300-1 1.01 fl oz (30ml Bottle) NDC 35781-0300-3

READ THIS INFORMATION BEFORE PRESCRIBING THIS PRODUCT

LiDORx** 3% is an Amide type Local Anesthetic indicated for

Relief of pain, soreness, abrasions, minor burns, insect bites and discomfort due to pruritus, pruritic eczemas, pruritus ani, pruritus vulvae, hemorrhoids, anal fissures, and similar conditions of the skin and mucous membranes.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

Apply a thin film to the affected area two or three times daily or as directed by a physician. DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS

 $LIDORX^*\,3\% \ is \ a \ Topical \ Gel. \ Each \ gram \ of \ LIDORX^*\,3\% \ contains \ 3\% \ Lidocaine \ HCl \ USP \ (30mg).$

Traumatized mucosa, secondary bacterial infection of the area of proposed application and known hypersensitivity to any of the components. Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP is contraindicated in patients with a known history of hypersensitivity to local anesthetics of the amide type

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

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ADVERSE REACTIONS

Most common adverse reactions are redness or swelling at the application site. Less common side effects, such as sluggishness, confusion, slow breathing, low blood pressure, or slow heartbeat, may occur To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Gensco Labratories at 866-608-6284 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/me watch.

DRUG INTERACTIONS Prilocaine, Bupivacaine, Amyl nitrates/ sodium nitrate/ sodium n

if LiDORx™ 3% may interact with other medicines that you take

USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

Use in Pregnancy: Teratogenic Effects - Pregnancy Category B. Nursing Mothers: It is not known whether this drug is excreted in human milk. Because many drugs are excreted in human milk, caution should be exercised when Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP is administered to a nursing woman. Pediatric use: No overall clinical differences in safety or effectiveness have been observed between the healthy elderly and other adult patients. See 14 for PATIENT COUNSELING.

THINDICATIONS CONTENTS* WARNING

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**Sections or subsections omitted from the full prescribing information are not listed. Warning: FOR EXTERNAL USE ONLY. NOT FOR OPHTHALMIC USE. EXCESSIVE DOSAGE, OR SHORT INTERVALS BETWEEN DOSES, CAN RESULT IN HIGH PLASMA LEVELS AND SERIOUS ADVERSE EFFECTS, PATIENTS SHOULD BE INSTRUCTED TO STRICTLY ADHERE TO THE RECOMMENDED DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION GUIDELINES AS SET FORTH IN THIS PACKAGE INSERT. THE MANAGEMENT OF SERIOUS ADVERSE REACTIONS MAY REQUIRE THE USE OF RESUSCITATIVE EQUIPMENT, OXYGEN,

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1. Indications: Anesthetic for relief of pruritus, pruritic eczemas, abrasions, minor burns, insect bites, pair, soreness and discomfortdue to pruritus ani, pruritus vulvae, hemorrhoids, anal fissures, and similar conditions of the skin and mucous membranes.

2. Dosage and Administration: Each pump of the LIDORx" 3% bottle (30mL airlies burnty by the pump bottle, approximately 3 grams of LIDORx" 3% (30 mg of Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP). No more than 12 pumps of the Airliess Pump bottle, approximately 3 grams of LIDORx" 3% (30 mg of Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP). No more than 12 pumps of the Airliess Pump bottle, approximately 3 grams of LIDORx" 3% (30 mg of Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP). No more than 12 pumps of the Airliess Pump bottle, approximately 3 grams of LIDORx" 3% (30 mg of Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP). No more than 12 pumps of the Airliess Pump bottle, approximately 3 grams of LIDORx" 3% (30 mg of Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP). No more many long application is not adverse effects with LIDORx" 3% (30 mg of Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP). No more many long application of a pumps of the Airliess Pump bottle, approximately 3 grams of LIDORx" 3% (30 mg of Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP). No more many long application of a pumps of the Airliess Pump bottle, approximately 3 grams of LIDORx" Cream 3%) when calculated according to Clark's rule, 10 mg of LIDORx and LIDORX

exceed 4.5 mg/kg (2.0 mg/lb) of body weight of the child. Administration: Apply a thin film to the affected area two or three times daily not to exceed 12 pumps in twenty four hours (24Hrs). One pump covers anarea of 2 x2 inches. Larger areas will require additional applications. Or use as directed by a

3. Dosage Form and Strength: LiDORx* 3% is a Topical Gel. Each gram of LiDORx* 3% contains 3% Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP (30mg).

4. Contraindications: Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP is contraindicated in patients with a known history of hypersensitivity to local anesthetics of the amide type or to other components of LiDORx* 3%. Do not use LiDORx* 3% on traumatized mucosa or in the presence of secondary bacterial infection of the area of proposed application.

5. Warnings and Precautions: If irritation or sensitivity occurs or infection appears, discontinue use and institute appropriate therapy. LIDORx* 3% Gel should be used with caution in ill, elderly, debilitated patients and children who may be more sensitive to the systemic effects of Lidocaine Hydrochlor

5. We in load of Precautions: In inflation or Sensitivity Courts or Innecticuts or Innecticuts of the Systemia enterty. Library 5. desirables between the Case and institute appropriate therapy. Library 5. desirables between the Case and institute appropriate therapy. Library 5. desirables between the Case and institute appropriate therapy. Library 5. desirables between the Case and institute appropriate therapy. Library 5. desirables between the Case and institute appropriate therapy. Library 5. desirables between the Case and institute appropriate therapy. Library 5. desirables are those and institute appropriate therapy. Library 5. desirables are those and institute appropriate therapy. Library 5. desirables are those and institute appropriate therapy. Library 5. desirables are those and institute appropriate therapy. Library 5. desirables are those and institute appropriate therapy. Library 5. desirables are those and institute appropriate therapy. Library 5. desirables are those and institute appropriate therapy. Library 5. desirables are those and institute appropriate therapy. Library 5. desirables are the case and institute appropriate therapy. Library 5. desirables are those and institute appropriate therapy. Library 5. desirables are the case and institute appropriate therapy. Library 5. desirables are the case and institute appropriate therapy. Library 5. desirables are the case and institute appropriate therapy. Library 5. desirables are the case and institute appropriate therapy. Library 5. desirables are the case and institute and each sign of a high blood level of the drug and may occur as a consequence of rapid absorption. 6.2 Cardiovascular system: Cardiovascular manifestations are usually depressant and are characterized by dradycardia, hypotension, and cardiovascular collapse, which may lead to cardio-rest. 6.3 Allergic reactions are characterized by cutaneous lesions, urticaria, edema or anaphylactoid reactions. Allergic reactions may occur as a result of sensitivity to the local anesthetic agent or to other components in the formulation. Allergic reactions as a result of sensitivity to Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP are extremely rare and, if they occur, should be managed by conventional means. The detection of sensitivity by skin testing is of doubtful value.

7. Drug Interactions: 7.1 Serious interactions Antiarrhythmic Drugs: LIDORx* 3% should be used with caution in patients receiving Class I antiarrhythmic drugs (such as tocainide and mexiletine) since the toxic effects are additive and potentially synergistic. Bupivacaine liposome: Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP increases toxicity of Bupivacaine by increases toxicity of Bupivacaine by increases toxicity of Bupivacaine, Dofetilide: Lidocaine, Hydrochloride USP increases effects of dofetilide thru pharmacodynamic synergism. Lomitapidic: Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP increases levels of lomitapide by affectionale Hydrochloride USP increases levels of lomitapide by affectionale Hydrochloride USP increases effects of dofetilide thru pharmacodynamic synergism. Lomitapidic: Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP increases levels of lomitapide by affectionale Hydrochloride USP increases errum levels of many drugs metabolized by hepatic / intestinal CYP3A4 enzymes. Drugs that affect hepatic CYP1A2 enzyme: (ex. Quinoline antibilotics, cimetidine, barbiturates, benzodiazepines, erythromycin) May increase

serum Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP evels by decreasing Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP metabolism by CYP1A2 engree. We common annumber of many increase serum Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP metabolism by CYP1A2 engree.

8. Use in Specific Populations: 8.1 Use in Pregnancy, Teratogenic Effects. Pregnancy Category B. Reproduction studies have been performed in rats at doses up to 6.6 times the human dose and have revealed no evidence of harm to the fetus caused by Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP. There are, however, no adequate and well-controlled studies in pregnant women. Animal reproduction studies are not always predictive of human response. General consideration should be given to this fact before administering Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP by women of childbearing potential, especially during early pregnancy when maximum organogenesis takes place. 8.2 Labor and Delivery: Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP is not contraindicated in labor and delivery. Should LiDoCk? "3% be used concomitantly with other products containing Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP, the total dose contributed by all formulations must be kept in mind 8.3 Nursing Mothers: It is not known whether this drug is excreted in human milk. Because many drugs are excreted in human milk, caution should be exercised when Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP. Is administered to a nursing woman. 8.4 Pediatric use: Dosage in children should be reduced, commensurate with age, body weight and physical condition. Caution must be taken to avoid over dosage when applying LIDORX 3% to large areas of injured or abraded skin, since the systemic absorption of Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP may be increased under such conditions. 8.5 Geriatric use: No overall clinical differences in safety or effectiveness have been observed between the healthy elderly and other adult patients.

use: No overall clinical diltrerences in safety or effectiveness have been observed between the healthy elderly and other adult patients.

9. Over Dosage, Acute emergencies from local anesthetics are generally related to high plasma levels encountered by the planting therapeutic use of local anesthetics. (see ADVERSE REACTIONS, WARNINGS, and PRECAUTIONS).—9.1 Management of local anesthetic emergencies: The first consideration is prevention, best accomplished by careful and constant monitoring of cardiovascular and respiratory vital signs and the patient's state of consciousness after each local anesthetic administration. At the first sign of change, oxygen should be administered. The first step in the management of convulsions consists of immediate attention to the maintenance of a patent airway and assisted or controlled ventilation with oxygen and a delivery system capable of permitting immediate positive airway pressure by mask. Immediately after the institution of these ventilators measures, the adequacy of the circulation should be evaluated, keeping in mind that drugs used to treat convulsions sometimes depress the circulation when administered intravenously. Should convulsions persist despite adequate respiratory support, and if the status of the circulation permits, small increments a fail increments after a convulsion of the status of the circulation permits, small increments a fail increments across the proposal part of the status of the circulation permits, small increments of an ultra-short acting barbiturate (such as thiopental or thiamylal) or a benzodiazepine (such as diazepam) may be administered intravenously. The clinician should be familiar, prior to use of local anesthetics, with these anticonvulsant drugs. Supportive treatment of circulation permits, small increments of a nutra-short acting barbiturate (such as thiopental or thiamylal) or a benzodiazepine (such as diazepam) may be administered intravenous little diagrams, and the state of the circulation permits, small increments of a nutra mg/kg (as the salt) and 214 (159-324) mg/kg (as the salt) in fasted female rats.

To Clinical Pharmacology: 11.1 Mechanism of action: LiDORx* 3% releases Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP from a mild acidic vehicle to stabilize the neuronal membrane by inhibiting the ionic fluxes required for initiation and conduction

of impulses, thereby effecting local anesthetic action. A mild actidic vehicle lowers pH to increase protection against alkaline irritations and to provide a favorable environment for healing, 11.2 Onset of anesthetic action. A mild actidic vehicle lowers pH to increase protection against alkaline irritations and to provide a favorable environment for healing, 11.2 Onset of anesthetic action. A mild actidic vehicle lowers pH to increase protection against alkaline irritations and to provide a favorable environment for healing, 11.2 Onset of anesthetic action. A mild actidic vehicle lowers pH to increase protection against alkaline irritations and to provide a favorable environment for healing, 11.2 Onset of anesthetic agent on various components of the cardiovascular system. 11.4 harmacokinetics and metabolisms: Udocaine Hydrochloride USP may be absorbed following topical administration, und total dosage. In general, the rate of absorption of local anesthetic agent for local papilication, duration of exposure, concentration, and total dosage. In general, the rate of absorption of local anesthetic agent for local papilication, duration of exposure, concentration, and total dosage. In general, the rate of absorption of local anesthetic agent for local gastrointestinal tract, but little intact drug appears in the circulation because of biotransformation in the liver. Udocaine absorption to local antestretic agents initially application occur, in most rapidly after initial retailed administration. But office a service of byte hiddings, Biotransformation includes oxidative N-deality/alation, ring hydroxylation, cleavage of the amide linkage, and conjugate, and conjugation, a major pathway of biotransformation, yields the metabolites moneethylglycinexylidide and glycinexylidide. The pharmacological actions of these metabolites are similar to, but less potent than, those of Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP. Approximately 90% of Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP administered is excreted in the form of various metabolites, and less than 10% is excreted unchanged. The primary metabolite in unine is a conjugate of 4-hydroxy-2-6-dimethylaniline. The plasma binding of Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP is dependent on drug concentration, and the fraction bound decreases with increasing concentration. At concentrations of 1 to 4 µg of free base per m., 60 to 80 percent of Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP is protein bound. Binding is also dependent on the plasma concentration of the alphal-acid glycoprotein. Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP metabolism following intravenous bolus injections have shown that the elimination half-life of this agent is typically 1.5 to 2.0 hours. Because of the rapid rate at which Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP metabolism following intravenous bolus injections have shown that the elimination half-life of this agent is typically 1.5 to 2.0 hours. Because of the rapid rate at which Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP metabolism. The half-life may be prolonged two prolenged two pro of 18-21 µg/mL have been shown to be threshold for convulsive activity.

of 18-21 µg/mL have been shown to be threshold for convulsive activity.

12.Non Clinical Toxicity: Studies of Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP in animals to evaluate the carcinogenic and mutagenic potential or the effect on fertility have not been conducted.

13. How Supplied / Storage and Handling: HOW SUPPLIED LIDORx* 3% (Lidocaine HCI USP 3%) 0.33 oz (9.5g) 10 mL Airless Pump - NDC 35781-0300-1 1.01 oz (28.5g) 30mL Airless Pump - NDC 35781-0300-3 4.00 oz (114 g) 120mL Airless Pump- NDC 35781-0300-4 STORE AND DISPOSE OF THIS AND ALL MEDICATIONS OUT OF REACH OF CHILLDREN AND PETS. All prescriptions using this product shall be pursuant to state statutes as applicable. This product may be administered only under a physician's supervision. There are no implied or explicit claims on the therapeutic equivalence. Store at 25°C (77°F); excursions permitted to 15°-30°C (59°-86°F). See USP Controlled Room Temperature. Protect from freezing, Manufactured for: Gensco Laboratories. 12741 Miramar Parkway Suite 301. Miramar, FL 33027 14, Patient Counseling Information: What is LiDORx* 3%; LiDORx* 3%; LiDORx* 3%; lidocaine Hydrochloride USP is a local anesthetic/numbing medication). It works by blockingnerve signals in your body, LiDORx* 3% (for use on the skin) is used to reduce pain or discomfort caused by skin irritations such as sunburn, insect bites, poison ivy, poison oak, poison sumac, and minor cuts, scratches, hemorrhoids, and burns. LiDORx* 3% may also be used for purposes not listed in this medication guide.

How do I use LiDORx" 3%?

Use exactly, as prescribed by your doctor. Do not use in larger or smaller amounts or for longer than recommended. Follow the directions on your prescription label. LIDORx* 3% is generally for use on the skin only. If your medication comes with patient instructions for safe and effective use, follow these directions carefully. Ask your doctor or pharmacist if you have any questions. Your body may absorb more of this medication if you use too much, if you apply it over large skin areas, or if you apply heat, bandages, or plastic wrap to treated skin areas. Skin that is cut or irritated may also absorb more topical medication than healthy skin. Use the smallest amount of this medication needed to numb the skin or relieve pain. Do not use large amounts of LIDORx* 3%, or cover treated skin areas with a bandage or plastic wrap without medical advice. Be aware that many cosmetic procedures are performed without a medical doctor present. LiDORx* 3% may be applied with your finger tips or a cotton swab. Follow your doctor's instructions. Do not apply this medication to swollen skin areas or deep puncture wounds. Avoid using the medicine on skin that is raw or blistered, such as a severe burn or abrasion. Store at room temperature away from moisture and heat. Keep both used and unused LiDORx* 3% out of the reach of children or pets. The amount of Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP in the gel could be harmful to a child or pet who accidentally sucks on or swallows the gel. Seek emergency medical attention if this happens.

What happens if I miss a dose?

Since LiDGRx 3% is used as needed, you may not be on a dosing schedule. If you are using the medication regularly, use the missed dose as soon as you remember. Skip the missed dose if it is almost time for your next scheduled dose. Do not use extra medicine to make up the missed dose

What happens if overdose?

Seek emergency medical attention or call the Poison Help line at 1-800-222-1222. LiDORx* 3% applied to the skin is not likely to cause an overdose unless you apply more than the recommended dose. Overdose may also occur if you apply heat, bandages, or plastic wrap to treated skin areas. Improper use of LiDORx" 3% may result in death. Overdose symptoms may include drowsiness, confusion, nervousness, ringing in your ears, blurred vision, feeling hot or cold, numbness, muscle twitches, uneven heartbeats, seizure (convulsions), slowed breathing, or respiratory failure (breathing stops) What should lavoid while using LIDORx* 3% on callow this medication to come into contact with your eyes. If it does, rinse with water. Avoid using other topical medications on the affected area unless directed by a physician. LIDORx* 3% side effects Get emergency medical help if you have any of these signs of an allergic reaction: hives; difficulty breathing; swelling of your face, lips, tongue, or throat.

Stop using LiDORx* 3% and call your doctor at once if you have any of these serious side effects:

- · uneven heartbeats
- drowsiness, confusion;
 tremors, seizure (convulsions); or
- · blurred vision.
- · Less serious side effects include
- mild irritation, redness, or swelling where the medication is applied; or numbness in places where the medicine is accidentally applied.

This is not a complete list of side effects and others may occur. Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088.

The Section Continue Complete Section 10ml: NDC 35781-0300-1

30ml: NDC 35781-0300-3